

# Safety Data Sheet

29 CFR 1910.1200

### Company and Product Identification

Product Name: Sanctuary Bloom

**Product Use:** Sanctuary Bloom is designed to supply reproductive energy to plants.

Company: The Sanctuary, Inc

P.O. Box 656 Winter Park, CO 80482 PH:970-726-4848

Emergency Response: 1-800-658-2481

### Hazards Identification

**Hazard Pictograms:** 

Signal Word:

Caution

**Hazard Category:** 

Acute tox, oral Cat 5 Skin corrosion/irritation Cat 3 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Cat 3

Acute tox, inh. Cat 5

**Hazard Statements:** 

H303: May be harmful if swallowed H316: Causes mild skin irritation H320: Causes eve irritation H333: May be harmful if inhaled

Precautionary Statements:

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - No smoking

P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P264: Wash thoroughly after handling

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P285: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

P301+P331+310: IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. If large quantities are swallowed, call a

physician immediately.

P303+P361+P353+310: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/showe

P304+P340+342 - IF INHALED: remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms, seek immediate medical attention

P305+P351+P338+310 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove any contact lenses if present and easy to do, continue rinsing with plenty of water for 15 minutes.

Immediately call a physician.

P308+313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P403+235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool

P405: Store locked up

P406: Store in a corrosive resistant container, may corrode metallic surfaces

P411+235: Store at temperatures not exceeding 23 °C/73.4 °F.

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international rules.

Hazards not otherwise

classified:

Not applicable, none known.

#### ection 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients

Hazardous substance (name)	Hazard Category	CAS#	Weight %
Phosphoric Acid	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	7664-38-2	5-10%
Potassium Nitrate	Ox. Liq 2, H272	7757-79-1	0.5-1.5%
Urea	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320	57-13-6	0.5-2.5%
Ammonium Hydroxide	Acute Tox., Oral. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Serious Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Aq. Tox. 1, H400 Chronic Aq. Tox.1), H410	1336-21-6	0.5-2.5%

Calcium Nitrate	Skin Irrit 3, H316 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320	10124-37-5	1-4%
Molasses:	Not classified for physical or health hazards according to GHS.	68476-78-8	1.5-4%
Water	No phrases apply. No data available.	7732-18-5	75.5-91%

#### First Aid Measures ection 4:

If ingested: Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tight

clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately. Immediate action is critical to minimize possibility of blindness.

Skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Serious Skin Contact: Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

### Fire Fighting Measures

General Info: Flammable vapors may accumulate in confined spaces.

Products of Combustion: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NO, NO2...).

Extinguishing Method / Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding materials, SMALL FIRE; Use DRY chemical powder, LARGE FIRE;

Equipment: Use water spray, fog or foam. Do not use water jet. Fire Fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained

breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

Explosion Hazards in Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available. Slightly explosive in presence of Presence of Various shocks, friction or heat.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Of metals. Slightly flammable to flammable in presence of heat.

Various Substances:

Special Remarks on Fire Reacts with metals to liberate flammable hydrogen gas. Formation of flammable gases with aldehydes, cyanides, Hazards: mercaptins, and sulfides.

Special Remarks on Reacts with metals to liberate flammable hydrogen gas. Formation of flammable gases with aldehydes, cyanides, Explosion Hazards: mercaptins, and sulfides. In contact with easily oxidizable substances, it may react rapidly enough to cause

ignition, violent combustion, or explosion. It increases the flammability of any combustible substance. A mixture of potassium nitrate and calcium silicide is a readily ignited primer and burns at a very high temperature. Contact of the carbide with molten potassium nitrate causes incandescence. When heated to decomposition it emits very toxic fumes.

Special Remarks on Mixtures with nitro methane are explosive. (Phosphoric Acid). A mixture of potassium nitrate and antimony Explosion Hazards: trisulfide explodes when heated. When copper phosphide is mixed with potassium nitrate and heated, it explodes. Mixture of germanium nitrate and potassium nitrate explodes when heated. A mixture of potassium nitrate, sulfur, arsenic trisulfide is known as a pyrotechnic

> formulation. When titanium is heated with potassium nitrate, an explosion occurs. A mixture of potassium nitrate and titanium disulfide explodes when heated. When potassium nitrate is mixed with boron, laminac, and trichloroethylene an explosion can occur. Powdered zinc and potassium

explode if heated. Arsenic disulfide forms explosive mixtures when mixed with potassium nitrate. Charcoal (powdered carbon) and potassium nitrate make a pyrotechnic mixture. Contact at 290 C causes a vigorous combustion and the mixture explodes on heating. A mixture of potassium nitrate and sodium acetate may cause an explosion. A mixture of potassium nitrate and sodium hypophosphite constitutes a powerful explosive. Mixtures of potassium nitrate

with sodium phosphinate and sodium thiosulfate are explosive

#### ection 6: **Accidental Release Measures**

**Personal precautions.** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. protective equipment and Evacuate surrounded areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from procedures: entering. Do not touch or walk through split material. Provide adequate ventilation.

Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Containment Equipment Large Spills: Corrosive liquid. Poisonous liquid. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-

#### **Handling and Storage** ction 7:

Safe Handling Precautions: Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Keep away from combustible material. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, combustible materials, metals, alkalis. May corrode

metallic surfaces.

Recommendations for Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Store in

Storage: original packaging as approved by manufacturer. Do not store above 23 deg C (73.4 deg F.). Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid).

### Exposure Control / Personal Protection

General / Engineering Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their Controls: respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station

Work Clothing: Full impersious protective suitsuit.

Eye/face protection: Wear safety goggles or face shield.

Skin Protection: Gloves. Boots.

Respiratory Protection: Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

Additional Information: Observe good chemical hygiene practices. Do not smoke or eat while using this product. Wash hands or exposed skin after using the product.

Personal Protection In Case Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self-contained breathing apparatus should be used to of a Large Spill avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE

#### **Physical and Chemical Properties** tion 9:

State: Liquid Melting Point: Not avail Freezing Point: Not avail

Color: Brown **Boiling** Unknown **pH** <3.0

Point/Range:

Water Solubility: 100% Sp Grav: Not avail Odor: Molasses

Evaporation rate: Not avail Flash Point: Not avail Part. Coeff (n- Not avail octanol/water)

Lower Flam Limits: Not avail VOC Content (lbs/gal): Not avail Viscosity: Not avail Autoignition Not avail

Temp:

Vapor Pressure: Not avail

### ection 10: Stability and Reactivity

Stability (Normal Unstable. Exposure to heat may result in build-up of dangerous pressures. A strong oxidizer, reacts upon contact Conditions: with many organic substances, particularly textile and paper.

Incompatible materials: Reactive with reducing agents, oxidizing agents, combustible materials organic materials, metals, alkalis, hydrazine,

Corrosivity: Extremely corrosive in presence of copper, of stainless steel (304), of stainless steel (316). Highly corrosive in presence of aluminum. Minor corrosive effect on bronze. Severe corrosive effect on brass. Corrosive to ferrous metals and alloys. Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Materials to Avoid: Organic chemicals. Ammonia. Acids, acrolein, dimethyl sulfate, halogens, silver nitrate, propylene oxide, nitro methane, silver oxide, silver permanganate, oleum, beta-propiolactone. Most common metals.

Conditions to Avoid: Excess heat.

Upper Flam Limits: Not avail

Hazardous Decomposition Decomposes on heating/burning emitting toxic fumes, including those oxides of nitrogen and ammonia. products:

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Special Remarks on Potassium nitrate reacts vigorously when heated with sulfides of the alkaline earth group including barium sulfide Reactivity: and calcium sulfide. Also incompatible with boron, and finely powdered metals, chromium nitride, aluminum,

titanium, anitimony, germanium, zinc,

 $zirconium, \ calcium \ disilicide, \ metal \ sulfides, \ carbon, \ sulfur, \ phosphorus, \ phosphides, \ sodium \ phosphinate, \ sodium$ thiosulfate, citric acid, tin chloride, sodium acetate, throium carbide. Reacts violently with Gallum Perchlorate. Reacts with chlorine to form chloramines. It also reacts with the following: sodium hypochlorite, sodium nitrate, calcium hypochlorite, NaNO2, P2CI5, nitrosyl perchlorate, strong oxidizing agents (permanganate, nitrate, dichromate, chloride).

#### Toxicological Information ction 11:

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Other Toxic Effects on Harmful in case of inhalation (lung corrosive). Harmful in case of skin contact (corrosive, permeator), of eye Humans: contact (corrosive), or ingestion.

### Section 12: Ecological Information

**General information:** Drift or runoff may adversely affect non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area.

Ecotoxicity: No data available.

**Products of** Possible hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may **Biodegradation**: arise.

Toxicity of the Products of The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

Biodegradation:

Environmental Fate: Avoid contaminating waterways, drains and sewers. This material is expected to be toxic to aquatic life.

### Section 13: Disposal Information

Waste Disposal Procedures: Dispose according to federal, provincial/state and local environmental regulations.

### Section 14: Transport Information

Shipping Name: Sanctuary Bloom 2-4-2

## Section 15: Regulatory Information

### Section 16: Other Information

SDS Author: The Sanctuary, Inc Version Date: 1/15/17

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